Disclosure under Basel II Pillar III

Purpose of disclosure:

The Notification of the Bank of Thailand No: SorNorSor. 14/2562 dated 07 May 2019, Re: Disclosure of Information on Capital Fund Maintenance for Banks in Thailand (No.2), requires banks in Thailand to disclose the information on Capital Fund maintenance and their risks. This is to enable market participants to assess the scope of application, capital, risk exposure, risk assessment process and the capital adequacy of the banks.

This disclosure reflects only information associated solely to the activities of Bangkok branch. Please refer to disclosure under Basel II Pillar III for OCBC group as per link appended below.

https://www.ocbc.com/business-banking/international/thailand.page

Key prudential metrics

Attachment 2

noj pru	Table: Disclosure of quantitative data for key risk indicators				
	Item	Un 30/06/2024	it: In million Bah 31/12/2023		
Availabl	e capital (unit:)				
1	Common equity tier 1 (CET1)	-	-		
1A	Fully loaded ECL ^{1/} CET1	-	-		
2	Tier 1	-	-		
2A	Fully loaded ECL tier 1	-	-		
3	Total capital	10,542	10,017		
ЗA	Fully loaded ECL total capital	10,542	10,017		
Risk-we	ghted assets (unit:)				
4	Total risk-weighted assets (RWA)				
Risk-bas	sed capital ratios as a percentage of RWA (%)				
5	CET1 ratio	-	-		
5A	Fully loaded ECL CET1 ratio	-	-		
6	Tier 1 ratio	-	-		
6A	Fully loaded ECL tier 1 ratio	-	-		
7	Total capital ratio	34.6	31.3		
7A	Fully loaded ECL total capital ratio	34.6	31.3		
Capital I	ouffer ratios a percentage of RWA (%)				
8	Conservation buffer ratio	2.5	2.5		
9	Countercyclical buffer ratio	-	-		
10	Higher loss absorbency ratio	-	-		
11	Total capital buffer ratio (the sum of Item 8 to Item 10)	-	-		
12	Ratio of CET1 available after meeting the commercial bank's minimum capital requirements ^{2/}	32.1	28.8		
Liquidity	/ coverage ratio (LCR) (%)	Q2' 2024	Q4' 2023		
13	Total high-quality liquid assets (Total HQLA) (unit: In million Baht)	19,794	17,437		
14	Total net cash outflows (within a 30-day period) (unit: In million Baht)	15,384	11,679		
15	LCR ratio (%)	129	152		

Expected credit losses according to the Thai Financial Reporting Standard No.9 - Financial Instruments Ratio of CET1 available after meeting the commercial bank's minimum capital requirements is not necessarily equal to the difference between the CET1 ratio (Item 5) and the minimum CET1 ratio requirement of 4.5% since the CET1 ratio may be attributable to the minimum ter1 ratio requirement of 6% and/or the minimum total capital ratio requirement 6 4.5%. <u>Example:</u> If a bank has RWA = 100, CET1 = 10, AT1 = 1.5 and T2 = 0, the bank's CET1 is therefore used for maintaining the total capital 1/ 2/

Accompanying narrative

Impairment of financial assets

Impairment allowances for financial assets are assessed using a forward-looking expected credit loss ("ECL") model in accordance with the requirements of TFRS 9.

Scope

Under TERS 9, the ECL model is applied to debt financial assets measured at amortised cost or EVOCI and most off-balance sheet loan commitments and financial guarantees

Expected Credit Loss Impairment Model

Under TFRS 9, credit loss allowances are measured on each reporting date according to a three-stage expected credit loss impairment model:

- Stage 1 On initial recognition, expected credit loss will be that resulting from default events that are possible over the next 12 months Stage 2 Following a significant increase in credit risk of the financial assets since its initial recognition, the credit . .
- loss allowance will be that resulting from default events that are possible over the expected life of the asset

Stage 3 - When a financial asset exhibits objective evidence of impairment and is considered to be credit-impaired, the credit loss allowance will be the full lifetime expected credit loss.

Capital Structure Structure of capital fund of Oversea-Chinese Banking Corporation Limited-Bangkok Branch

Unit: In million Ba			
Item	30/06/2024	31/12/2023	
1. Assets required to be maintained under Section 32	10,959	10,971	
2. Sum of net capital for maintenance of assets under Section 32 and net balance of inter-office			
accounts (2.1+2.2)	19,321	26,257	
2.1 Capital for maintenance of assets under Section 32	10,542	10,017	
2.2 Net balance of inter-office accounts which the branch is the debtor (the creditor) to the head office and other branches located in other countries, the parent company and subsidiaries of the			
head office.	8,779	16,241	
3. Total regulatory capital (3.1-3.2)	10,542	10,017	
3.1 Total regulatory capital before deductions (The lowest amount among item 1 item 2 and item 2.1)	10,542	10,017	
3.2 Deductions	-	-	

Capital adequacy Table 3 Minimum capital requirement for credit risk classified by type of assets under the SA

		Unit: In million Baht
Minimum capital requirement for credit risk classified by type of assets under the SA	30/06/2024	31/12/2023
Performing claims		
1. Claims on sovereigns and central banks, multilateral development banks (MDBs), and non-central governement public sector entities (PSEs) treated as claims on sovereigns	26	22
2. Claims on financial institutions, non-central governement public sector entities (PSEs) treated as claims on financial institutions, and securities firms	766	1,004
3. Claims on corporates, non-central governement public sector entities (PSEs) treated as claims on corporate	2,288	2,289
4.Claims on retail portfolios	-	-
5.Claims on housing loans	-	-
6.Other assets	4	5
Non-performing claims	-	-
First-to-default credit derivatives and Securitisation	-	-
Total minimum capital requirement for credit risk under the SA	3,084	3,321

Market risk under the Standardised Approach Table 30 Minimum capital requirements for each type of market risk under the Standardised Approach

		Unit: In million Baht
Minimum capital requirements for market risk under the Standardized Approach	30/06/2024	31/12/2023
Interest rate risk	135	59
Equity position risk	-	-
Foreign exchange rate risk	18	32
Commodity risk	-	-
Total minimum capital requirement	153	91

Table 6 Minimum capital requirement for market risk for positions in the trading book (Standardized measurement approach)

Table o minimum capital requirement for market has for positions in the rading book (otandaraized measurement approach)		
		Unit: In million Baht
Minimum capital requirement for market risk (positions in the trading book)	30/06/2024	31/12/2023
1. Standardised approach	153	91
2. Internal model approach		
Total minimum capital requirement for market risk	153	91

Table 7 Minimum capital requirement for operational risk (BIA / SA / ASA)

		Unit: In million Baht
Minimum capital requirement for operational risk	30/06/2024	31/12/2023
1. Calculate by Basic Indicator Approach	-	-
2. Calculate by Standardised Approach	113	106
3. Calculate by Alternative Standardised Approach	-	-
4. Calculate by Advance Measurement Approach	-	-
Total minimum capital requirement for operational risk	113	106

Table 8 Total risk-weighted capital ratio and Tier 1 risk-weighted capital ratio

	Curent period		Previous period	
		Minimum		Minimum
Ratio	30/06/2024	requirement	31/12/2023	requirement
1. Total capital to risk-weighted assets	34.6	11	31.3	11
2. Tier 1 capital to risk-weighted assets *				
3. Tier 1 capital of equity part to risk-weighted assets *				

*Disclosed only in case of locally incorporated commercial banks

Item 2: Disclosure of capital information in transitional period under the Basel III			
2. In case of foreign bank branch ^{2/}			
2.1	Capital of foreign bank branch	10,542	
2.2	less deduction from capital of foreig	-	-
Total capital	Total capital of foreign bank branch		
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^{2/} Refer to the Notification of the Bank of Thailand Re: Capital Components of Foreign Banks Branches